

# **Parish Council Data Breach Policy - 2026**

## **1 Purpose**

This policy sets out how the Parish Council identifies, manages, reports, and learns from personal data breaches. It ensures compliance with:

UK GDPR

Data Protection Act 2018

ICO guidance on personal data breaches

The aim is to minimise harm to individuals, protect the Council's information assets, and maintain public trust.

## **2 Scope**

This policy applies to:

All personal data processed by the Parish Council

All councillors, employees, volunteers, and contractors

All formats (paper, electronic, email, audio, images, website, social media, CCTV)

It covers accidental and deliberate breaches.

## **3 What is a Personal Data Breach?**

A personal data breach is any incident that leads to:

Unauthorised access

Unauthorised disclosure

• Loss or theft

Destruction or alteration

Loss of availability

Examples include:

Sending personal data to the wrong recipient

Losing an unencrypted laptop or USB stick

Emailing documents to a personal account

Accidental deletion of key records

Website exposure of personal information

Ransomware or cyber-attack

## **4 Roles & Responsibilities**

### **The Parish Council**

Holds overall responsibility for compliance

Receives reports on breaches and approves corrective actions

### **Clerk / Responsible Officer**

Acts as the Data Breach Manager

Leads breach investigation and documentation

Assesses risk and determines whether the ICO must be notified

Ensures affected individuals are informed where required

Maintains the Breach Register

### **Councillors, Staff, and Volunteers**

Must report all suspected breaches immediately

Must not attempt to hide or resolve breaches informally

Must cooperate with investigations

## **5 Identifying a Breach**

Any person who becomes aware of a possible breach must report it immediately to the Clerk. Delays increase risk and may breach the Council's legal duty to notify the ICO within 72 hours.

### **Indicators of a breach include:**

Unexpected system behaviour

Missing files or unexplained deletions

Complaints from individuals

Suspicious emails or phishing attempts

Lost or stolen devices

## **6 Reporting a Breach**

All suspected breaches must be reported using the Council's Data Breach Report Form.

### **Reports must include:**

What happened

When and how it was discovered

What data is involved

Who is affected

Any immediate actions taken

## **7 Containment and Recovery**

The Clerk will take immediate steps to limit the impact, which may include:

- Isolating affected systems
- Resetting passwords
- Recovering deleted data from backups
- Contacting IT support
- Securing physical records
- Requesting return or deletion of mis-sent information

## **8 Assessing the Risk**

The Clerk will assess:

- The type and sensitivity of the data
- The number of individuals affected
- The potential harm (identity theft, distress, financial loss, reputational damage)
- Whether the data was encrypted or protected
- Whether the breach is likely to result in a risk to individuals' rights and freedoms
- This assessment determines whether the ICO and affected individuals must be notified.

## **9 Notification Requirements**

### **9.1 Notifying the ICO (Satswana can support you with this)**

The Council must notify the ICO within 72 hours if the breach is likely to result in a risk to individuals.

The notification will include:

- Nature of the breach
- Categories and volume of data affected
- Likely consequences
- Measures taken or proposed
- Contact details for the Clerk
- If the Council decides not to notify the ICO, the reasoning must be documented.

### **9.2 Notifying Individuals**

Individuals must be informed without undue delay if the breach is likely to result in a high risk to their rights and freedoms.

Notifications must:

- Describe the breach in clear language
- Explain potential impacts
- Provide advice on protective steps
- Give contact details for support

## **10 Documentation**

The Clerk will maintain a Data Breach Register containing:

- Description of the breach
- Date discovered
- Risk assessment
- Decisions on notification
- Actions taken
- Lessons learned

This register must be retained in line with the Council's retention schedule.

## **11 Learning and Prevention**

After each breach, the Council will:

- Review what went wrong
- Update policies or procedures
- Provide additional training if needed
- Improve technical or organisational controls
- Patterns of repeated breaches will trigger a formal review.

## **12 Training and Awareness**

All councillors, staff.

## **13. Approval**

This policy was adopted by the Parish Council at its meeting on: 3.3.26

Signed: Chair of the Council Clerk / Responsible Officer

